| Teaching | Plan |
|----------|------|
|----------|------|

Department:BotanyClass:I M.Sc. BotanyTitle of the Course:Core I: PLANT DIVERSITY – I: ALGAE, FUNGI, LICHENS ANDBRYOPHYTES:SemesterSemester:ICourse Code:PB231CC1

| Course Code | L | Т | Р | Credits | Inst. Hours | Total Hours | | Marks | |
|-------------|---|---|---|---------|-------------|----------------|-----|----------|-------|
| | | | | | | | CIA | External | Total |
| BP231CC1 | 5 | 2 | - | 5 | 7 | 105 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

- To learn about the classification, distinguishing traits, geographic distribution, and reproductive cycle of algae, fungi, lichens, and bryophytes.
- To gain knowledge about the ecological and economic importance of algae, fungi, lichens and bryophytes.

| Course o | utcomes | | |
|--------------------|--|----------------|---------------------|
| Course outcomes | On completion of this course, the students will be able to: CO | PSO address | Cognitive slevel |
| : | | ed | |
| | Relate to the structural organizations of algae, fungi, lichens and Bryophytes. | PSO -1 | K1(R) |
| CO2 | Demonstrate both the theoretical and practical knowledge in understanding the diversity of basic life forms and their importance. | PSO -1 | K2(U) |
| CO3 | Explain life cycle patterns in algae, fungi, lichens and Bryophytes. | PSO -2 | K3(Ap) |
| | Compare and contrast the mode of reproduction in diverse groups of basic plant forms. | PSO -2 | K4(An) |
| CO5 | Discuss and develop skills for effective conservation and utilization of | PSO-4 | K5 & |
| | lower plant forms. | | K6(Ev&Cr) |

Total Contact hours: 90 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

| Unit | Module | Торіс | Teach ing Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|------|--------|---|-----------------------|--------------------|---|---|
| Ι | | | | | | |
| | 1 | General account of algology, Contributions of Indian Phycologist (T.V.Desikachary, V.Krishnamurthy and V.S. Sundaralingam), Classification of algae by F.E. Fritsch (1935- 45) & Silva (1982). | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, Mind mapping, | Short essays, MCQ, Quiz |
| | 2 | Salient features of major classes: Cyanophyceae, Chlorophyceae, Xanthophyceae, Chrysophyceae, Cryptophyceae, Dinophyceae, Chloromonadineae, Euglenophyceae, Charophyceae, Bacillariophyceae, Phaeophyceae and Rhodophyceae. | 4 | K2(U) | PPT, Lecture | Short summary |
| | 3 | Range of thallus organization, algae of diverse habitats, reproduction (vegetative, asexual and sexual) and life cycles | 4 | K1(R) | Review, Lecture | MCQ, Quiz,Short Essay, True or false |
| | 4 | Phylogeny and inter- relationships of algae, origin and evolution of sex in algae. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Discussion, Debating or Presentations |
| | 5 | Structure, reproduction and life histories of the following genera: Oscillatoria, Scytonema, Ulva, Codium, Diatoms, DictyotaandGelidium. | 4 | K4(An) | Group discussion | Essay |
| п | 1 | FUNGI:GeneralCharacteristics,occurrenceanddistribution.Modeof | 4 | K1(U) | Lecture using videos, Group discussion | Definitions, MCQ, Assignment |

| | | nutrition in fungi. Contributions of Indian Mycologists (C.V.Subramanian), Classification of Fungi by Alexopoulos and | | | | Eccert |
|---|----|--|---|--------|--|---|
| | 2 | Mims (1979) & Recent trends in the classification of fungi - Phylogeny and inter- relationships of major groups of fungi. | 4 | K2(R) | Lecture using videos, | Essay, Discriminating the concepts |
| | 3 | General characters of major classes: Mastigomycotina, Zygomycotina, Ascomycotina, Basidiomycotina and Deuteromycotina. | 4 | K3(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Explain, |
| | 4 | Heterothallism in fungi, sexuality in fungi, Para sexuality, sex hormones in fungi. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Group discussion | Concept with examples, short essay, Seminar |
| | 5 | Structure, reproduction and life histories of the following genera: <i>Plasmodiophora</i> , <i>Phytophthora</i> , <i>Rhizopus</i> , <i>Taphrina</i> , <i>Polyporus</i> and <i>Colletotrichum</i> | 4 | K4(An) | Group discussion | Seminar, |
| ш | 1 | LICHENS Introduction and Classification (Hale, 1969). | 4 | K1 (U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | MCQ, Concepts, short essay |
| | 2. | Occurrence and inter- relationship of phycobionts and mycobionts, | 4 | K2(R) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Method | MCQ, Quiz |
| | 3. | StructureandreproductioninAscolichens,andBasiodiolichensandDeuterolichens | 4 | K4(An) | Group discussion | Diagrammatic representation, Essays |

| | 4. | StructureandreproductioninBasiodiolichens | 4 | K4(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk method | Differentiating the characters, short essays |
|----|----|---|---|--------|--|--|
| | 5. | StructureandreproductioninDeuterolichens | 4 | K4(An) | Group discussion | Summarize, Essays, |
| IV | 1 | BRYOPHYTES: General characters and Classification of Bryophytes by Watson (1971). | 4 | K1(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | MCQ, Quiz,Group discussion, |
| | 2. | Distribution, Structural variations and evolution of gametophytes and sporophytes in Bryopsida, Anthoceropsida and Mosses. | 4 | K4(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | MCQ, Quiz,Group discussion, |
| | 3. | General characters of major groups - Marchantiales, Jungermaniales, Anthocerotales, Sphagnales, Funariales and Polytrichales. | 5 | K2(R) | Group discussion | Differentiating the characters, short essays |
| | 4. | Reproduction-Vegetative and sexual,sporedispersalmechanismsinbryophytes,sporegerminationpatternsinbryophytes. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Review | Summarize, Essays, diagrammatic representations |
| | 5. | Structure, reproduction and life histories of the following genera: <i>Targionia,</i> <i>Porella</i> and <i>Polytrichum</i> . | 5 | K4(An) | Lecture using PPT Videos | Essays, |
| V | 1 | ECONOMIC IMPORTANCE | 5 | K3(Ap) | Group Discussion, | Short essays, MCQ, Quiz, True or false, Assignments |

| | Algae - Economic importance in Food and feed - Single cell protein, | | | | |
|----|--|---|--------|----------------------|----------------------------|
| 2. | Industrial products (Agar-Agar, Carrageenan, Alginic acid, Iodine, biofertilizers, Vitamins and biofuel), Medicinal value and Diatomaceous earth. | 5 | K4(Ap) | Group Discussion | Short essays, MCQ, quiz |
| 3. | Fungi – Economic importance in food, industries and medicine. Culturing and cultivation of mushrooms <i>Pleurotus</i> . | 5 | K4(Ap) | Group Discussion | Short essays, MCQ, quiz |
| 4. | Lichen –economic importance and as indicator pollution. | 4 | K5(Ev) | Group Discussion, | Summarize, Slip test |
| 5. | Bryophytes – Ecological and economic importance – industry, horticulture and medicine. | 4 | K5(Ev) | Group Discussion, | Summarize, Slip test |

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development : **Skill Development** Activities (Em/ En/SD): **Algae visit**

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): **Environment Sustainability**

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues : -

Assignment : Mode of nutrition in fungi./ online

Seminar Topic: Heterothallism in fungi.

Sample questions

Part A

- 1. Who is the father of Algology?
- 2. Which of the following fungi division includes 'Club fungi'?
 - a. Zygomycotina b. Deuteromycotina
 - b. Basidiomycotina d, Ascomycotina
- 3. What is dolipore septum?
- 4. What is the algal component of Lichen?
- 5. Cite the lichen used as food.

- 1. Write short note on the thallus organisation of Algae.
- 2. List out the general characters of Fungi .
- 3. Categorize lichen based on habitat.
- 4. Explain the morphological and anatomical structures of Marchantia.
- 5. Criticize the economic importance of Bryophytes

Part C

- 1. Classify Algae based on Fritsch.
- 2. Summarize Parasexuality in Fungi with neat labelled sketches.
- 3. Discuss the structure and reproduction in Lichen.
- 4. Explain the evolution of sporophytes in Bryophytes
- 5. Critique on the economic importance of Algae.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

Dr. J. Celin Pappa Rani

Teaching Plan Department : Botany

Class : I M.Sc. Botany

Title of the Course: PLANT DIVERSITY – II:PTERIDOPHYTES, GYMNOSPERMS AND PALEOBOTANY

Semester : I

CourseCode : BP231CC2

| Comme Code | т | т | р | Cara 124 a | T | Total | | Marks | |
|------------|---|---|---|------------|------------|-------|-----|----------|-------|
| CourseCode | L | I | Р | Creatts | Inst.Hours | Hours | CIA | External | Total |
| BP231CC2 | 5 | 2 | - | 5 | 7 | 105 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

- 1. Toinvestigatetheclassification, distinctive traits, distribution and reproduction and life history of the various classes and major types of Pteridophytes and Gymnosperms.
- 2. To identify and characterize diversity of lower vascular plants in order to comprehend the dynamics of diversity to realize the importance of diversity.

| СО | Uponcompletionofthiscourse, the students will be able to: | PSOAddressed | Cognitive level |
|-------|--|--------------|-----------------|
| CO- 1 | Recallonclassification,recenttrendsin phylogeneticrelationship, Generalcharacters ofPteridophytesand Gymnosperms. | PSO-1 | K1 &K3 |

| CO- 2 | Learnthemorphological/anatomicalor ganization,lifehistory ofmajortypes ofPteridophytesand Gymnosperms. | PSO-2 | K3 & K4 |
|-------|--|-------|---------|
| CO- 3 | Comprehendtheeconomicimportance ofPteridophytes, Gymnosperms, and fossils. | | K3 & K5 |
| CO- 4 | Understandingtheevolutionaryrelation shipofPteridophytesand Gymnosperms. | PSO-3 | K2 |
| CO- 5 | Awarenessonfossiltypes,fossilizationa ndfossilrecordsof Pteridophytesand Gymnosperms. | PSO-3 | K1 & K3 |

Total Contact Hours:90 (Including Lectures, Assignments and Tests)

| Unit I | Module | Торіс | Teaching Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|-----------|---------------------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| 1 | á | General characteristics and classification (Reimer, 1954).Stellar evolution. | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk Demonstration | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Shortsummary or overview |
| | 1 | Range of structure, reproduction and evolution of the gametophytes | 4 | K1(R) | Introductory session, Group Discussion, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps,Concept definitions |
| | e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e | Gametophyte types – sex organs. Apogamy and Apospory. Life cycles. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Mind mapping, | Suggest idea/concept with examples |
| | | Heterospory and seec nabit, Telome theory. | 14 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate betweenvarious ideas,Map knowledge |
| | | Morphogenesis, Economic importance of Pteridophytes. | 4 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |

| Π | | | | | | |
|-----|----|--|---|--------|--|--|
| | 1. | Structure, anatomy, reproduction and life histories of <i>Isoetes</i> | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk Demonstration | Evaluation through short test, MCQ Shortsummary |
| | 2. | Structure, anatomy, reproduction and life histories of <i>Equisetum</i> | 4 | K1(R) | Introductory session, Group Discussion, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Structure, anatomy, reproduction and life histories of <i>Angiopteris</i> | 4 | K3(Ap) | Mind mapping, | Suggest idea/concept with examples |
| | 4. | Structure, anatomy, reproduction and life histories of <i>Osmunda</i> | 4 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate betweenvarious ideas,Map knowledge |
| | 5. | Structure, anatomy, reproduction and life histories of <i>Pteris</i> and <i>Azolla</i> . | 4 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| III | | | 1 | | | |
| | 1. | General characters - A general account of distribution of Gymnosperms. | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk Demonstration | Evaluation through short test |
| | 2. | Morphology, anatomy of Gymnosperms. (K.R.Sporne, 1965). | 4 | K1(R) | Introductory session, Group Discussion, | Simple definitions,Co ncept definitions |
| | 3. | Reproduction, phylogeny of Gymnosperms. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Mind mapping, | Suggest idea/concept with examples |
| | 4. | Classification of Gymnosperms. (K.R.Sporne, 1965). | 4 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate betweenvarious ideas,Map knowledge |
| | 5. | Economic importance of Gymnosperms. | 4 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| IV | | | | · | | |
| | 1. | Structure (Exomorphic a endomorphic), anatom reproduction and 1 histories of <i>Thuja</i> | | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk Demonstration | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays, |

| | | | | | | Concept explanations, Shortsummary or overview |
|---|----|--|--------|--------|--|--|
| | 2. | Structure (Exomorphic an endomorphic), anatomy reproduction and lif histories of <i>Cupressus</i> | /, | K1(R) | Introductory session, Group Discussion, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps,Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Structure (Exomorphic an endomorphic), anatomy reproduction and lif histories of <i>Araucaria</i> | /, | K3(Ap) | Mind mapping, | Suggest idea/concept with examples |
| | 4. | Structure (Exomorphic an endomorphic), anatomy reproduction and lif histories of <i>Podocarpus</i> | /, | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate betweenvarious ideas,Map knowledge |
| | 5. | Structure (Exomorphic an endomorphic), anatomy reproduction and lif histories of <i>Gnetum</i> | /, | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| | 6. | Structure (Exomorphic an endomorphic), anatomy reproduction and lif histories of the following genera: <i>Ephedra</i> . | , e | K5(E) | PPT | Evaluation essay |
| V | | | | | | |
| | 1. | PALEOBOTANY: Geological Scale; Radiocarbon dating;. Fossilization and fossil types. | 1 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk Demonstration | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Shortsummary or overview |
| | 2. | Contribution of EirbalSahni to Paleobotany, Gondwana flora of India. | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session, Group Discussion, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps,Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Study of fossils in 5 understanding evolution, Economic importance of fossils. fossil fuels and industrial raw materials and uses | 5 | K3(Ap) | Lecture and Chalk method | Suggest idea/concept with examples |

| 4. | Study of organ genera: | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using | Differentiate |
|----|------------------------|---|--------|-----------------|----------------|
| | Rhynia, Lepidocarpon | | | videos | betweenvarious |
| | | | | | ideas,Map |
| | | | | | knowledge |
| 5. | Study of organ genera: | 3 | K5(E) | Lecture and PPT | Longer essay/ |
| | Calamites, Cordaites | | | | Evaluation |
| | | | | | essay |
| 6. | Study of organ | 3 | K5(E) | Lecture and PPT | Longer essay/ |
| | genera:Lyginopteris. | | | | Evaluation |
| | | | | | essay |

CourseFocussingonEmployability/Entrepreneurship/SkillDevelopment: Activities (Em/ En/SD): Skill Development

CourseFocussingonCrossCuttingIssues(ProfessionalEthics/HumanValues/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): Environment Sustainability

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: Field Visit

Assignment: Economic importance of Pteridophytes

Seminar Topic: Study of fossils in understanding evolution, Economic importance of fossils.

Part-A

- 1. Spores of Pteridophytesare
 - a. Haploid b. Diploid c. Triploid d. Tetraploid
- 2. In Pteridophytes, the dominant generation is
 - a. Gametophytic (b) haploid (c) diploid (d) triploid
- **3.** Reduction division in pteridophytes occurs in
 - (a) Prothallus is formed (b) Gametes are formed
 - (b) (c) spores are formed (d) sex organs are formed
- 4. In pteridophytes, the gametophyte is dominant, while sporophyte is a dependent generation-State True or False.
- 5. The phloem of pteridophytes does not possess _____ cells.

Part-B

- 1. Describe the structure and reproduction in Coniferales
- 2. Write an essay on evolution of Gymnosperms
- 3. Discuss the variation in the structure of female gametophyte in Gymnosperms
- 4. Write short notes on Cordaitales
- 5. Comment on Lyginopteris

Part-C

- 1. Write a classification of Bryophytes in detail.
- 2.Explain the life history of Ricca in detail.
- 3. Write a detail account on "Telome theory".
- 4.Explain the lifecycle of Isoetes.
- 5. Give a detail account on lifecycle of Marsilea.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

| Department | : Botany |
|---------------------|--|
| Class | : I M.Sc Botany |
| Title of the Course | : Elective I MICROBIOLOGY, IMMUNOLOGY AND PLANT PATHOLOGY |
| I Semester | : I |
| CourseCode | : BP23GE1 |

| | т | т | n | 0.14 | | Total | | Marks | |
|------------|---|---|---|---------|------------|-------|-----|----------|-------|
| CourseCode | L | I | Р | Credits | Inst.Hours | Hours | CIA | External | Total |
| BP23GE1 | 4 | 1 | - | 3 | 5 | 75 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

1. To provide comprehensive knowledge about microbes and its effect on man and environment.

2. To provide comparative analysis of major groups of microbes.

3. To study the principles of immune system, immunizing agents like antibodies and vaccines and gene therapy methods.

| СО | Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to: | PSO Addressed | Cognitive level |
|-------|--|---------------|-----------------|
| CO- 1 | Recognize the general characteristics of microbes, plant defense and immune cells. | PSO-1 | K1 (K) |
| CO- 2 | Explain about the stages in disease development and various defense mechanisms in plants and humans. | PSO-2 | K2 (U) |
| CO- 3 | Elucidate concepts of microbial interactions with plant and humans | PSO-3 | K3 (AP) |
| CO- 4 | Analyze the importance of harmful and beneficial microbes and immune system | PSO-3 | K4 (AN) |
| CO- 5 | Determine and interpret the detection of pathogens and appreciate their adaptive strategies. | PSO-3 | K5 & K6(C & E) |

Total Contact Hours : 75 (Including Lectures, Assignments and Tests)

| Unit | Module | Торіс | Teaching Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|------|--------|--|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| I | 1. | Types of microorganisms. General characteristic of bacteria – Outline classification of Bergey's manual of 9th edition. | 2 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Mind mapping, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Classification of bacteria based on Morphological, cultural, physiological and molecular characteristics. | 2 | К 3(Ар) | PPT | Simple definitions, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Bacterial growth – batch culture and continuous culture. Growth Curve. Factors affecting growth | 2 | K1(K) | Introductory session, Group Discussion | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Determination of bacterial growth – Direct method: Haemocytometer, Viable plate count; Indirect method: Turbidity. Nutritional types. | 3 | K4(An) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping | Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge |
| | 5. | Reproduction - Fission and sporulation. Genetic recombination- Transformation, Transduction and Conjugation | 3 | K5(E) | Demonstration, PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| | 6. | Isolation and cultivation of bacteria. | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | MCQ, True/False |

| Maintenance of | | |
|--------------------|--|--|
| bacterial culture. | | |

| II | | | | | | |
|-----|----|--|--------|--------------|--|--|
| | 1. | General characters, Classification, Structure, Multiplication of virus | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | Concept explanations, Short summary or overview |
| | 2. | Overview of Phycoviruses and Mycoviruses. Viruses of Eukaryotes – Animal & Plant viruses. | 3 | K 3(Ap) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 3. | Cultivation of viruses – in embryonated egg and in plants. Control of viral infections. | 3 | K1(K) | Lecture using videos,Demonst ration, | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Bacteriophages- classification, replication of DNA and RNA phages -Lytic and Lysogenic cycle. | 3 | K4(An) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| | 5. | Viroids and prions. Mycoplasma: Structure and classification. | 3 | K5(E) | Lecture using Chalk and talk PPT, | Map knowledge |
| III | | | Food M | licrobiology | | |
| | 1. | Beneficial role of microbes – yoghurt, Olives, Cheese, Bread, Wine, Tempeh, Miso & Fermented green tea. | 3 | K 3(Ap) | Peer tutoring, Lecture using videos, Demonstration, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Spoilage of fruits, vegetables, meats, poultry, eggs, bakery products, dairy products and canned foods. | 3 | K1(K) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | Simple definitions, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Microbial toxins - Exotoxin, Endotoxin & Mycotoxin. Action of Enterotoxin, Cytotoxin& Neurotoxin. Food Preservation – temperature, drying, radiation and chemicals. | 3 | K4(An) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Soil Microbiology: Importance of Microbial flora of soil and factors affecting the microbial community in soil. Interaction among soil microbes (positive and | 2 | K5(E) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge |

| | | negative interactions) & with higher plants | | | | |
|----|----|---|-----|----------|--|--|
| | | (rhizosphere &phyllosphere). | | | | |
| | 5. | Environmental Microbiology: Microbiology of water and air. Water borne diseases - diphtheria, chicken pox. | 2 | K2(U) | Peer tutoring, Lecture using videos, Demonstration, | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| | 6. | Air borne diseases - Swine flu and Measles . Microbial degradation of chemical pesticides and hydrocarbon. | 2 | K 3(Ap) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Simple definitions, Concept definitions |
| IV | | | Imn | nunology | | |
| | 1. | Introduction; Immune System; Types of Immunity - Innate and Acquired.Immune Cells - Hematopoiesis, B and T lymphocytes - Maturation, NK cells | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Demonstration, | Concept explanations, Short summary or overview |
| | 2. | Introduction to inflammation, Adaptive immune system, Innate Immune system. Antigen: Definition, Properties and types. Antibody – Structure, types and function. | 3 | K5(E) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 3. | Generation of antibody diversity.Antigen - Antibody interactions: definition, types- Precipitation, Agglutination, Complement fixation. | 3 | K2(U) | PPT, Review | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Immune Response – Humoral and Cell Mediated. Vaccines – history, types and recombinant vaccines | 2 | K 3(Ap) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductory session, | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| | 5. | Immunodiagnosis – Blood Grouping, Widal test, Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay (ELISA). | 2 | K1(K) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, | Map knowledge |
| | 6. | Immunoelectrophoresis and Immunodiffusion. | 2 | K4(An) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, Lecture using videos. | Concept explanations, Short summary or overview |

| V | | | Plant | Pathology | | |
|---|----|--|-------|-----------|--|--|
| | | | | | | |
| | 1. | History and significance of plant pathology. Classification of plant diseases, Symptomology (important symptoms of plant pathogens). | 2 | K2(U) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Causal agents of plant diseases - biotic causes (fungi, bacteria virus, mycoplasma, nematodes, parasitic algae | 2 | K 3(Ap) | Lecture using videos,Demonst ration, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 3. | Angiospermic parasites - Abiotic causes (Physiological, deficiency of nutrients & minerals and pollution).Mechanism of penetration- Disease development of pathogen (colonization) and dissemination of pathogens. | 3 | K1(K) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Role of enzymes and toxins in disease development. Important diseases of crop plants in India - Sheath blight of rice, Late blight of potato, Little leaf of Brinjal and Red rust of tea | 3 | K4(An) | PPT, Review | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| | 5. | Principles of disease management – Cultural practices, physical, chemical and biological methods, disease controlled by immunization | 3 | K4(An) | PPT, Review | Map knowledge |
| | 6. | Biocontrol - merits and demerits; Diagnostic technique to detect pest/pathogen infection - Immunofluorescence (IF). | 2 | K5(E) | Lecture using videos,Demonst ration, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): **Environment Sustainability**

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: Industrial Visit - Milk Plant, Microbiology Lab

Assignment: Classification, Structure, Multiplication of virus - Online

Genetic recombination- Transformation, Transduction and Conjugation

Seminar Topic: Spoilage of fruits, vegetables, meats, poultry, eggs, bakery products, dairy products and canned foods.

Sample questions

Part A

1. Which of the following immunity is obtained during a lifetime?

a. Acquired immunity b. Active immunity c. Passive immunity d. None of the above.

2. Which of these bacterial components is least likely to contain useful antigens?

a.Cell wall b.Flagella c. Ribosomes d. Capsule

3. Which of the following contains structures composed of N-acetylmuramic acid and N-acetylglucosamine?

a.Mycoplasmas b.Amoeba c. E.coli d. Spheroplast 4. The association of endotoxin in gram-negative bacteria is due to the presence of

a. Steroids b. Peptidoglycan c. Lipopolysaccharides d.Polypeptide

5. Which of the following is a gram-positive eubacterium?

| a. Actinomyces | b.Clostridium |
|----------------|-------------------------------|
| c.Rhizobium | d. Clostridium, Actinomycetes |

Part B

- 1. Determine the bacterial count methods
- 2. Discuss viriods
- 3. Define the spoilage of microbes in fruits.
- 4. Differentiate Acquired Immunity & Innate Immunity.
- 5. Recall Citrus Canker.

Part C

1. Explain the Bacterial growth culture and its methods.

2. Formulate the nomenclature and classification of virus.

3. Criticize the beneficial role of microbes with a relevant example.

4. Analyze, how cytokines act as a signalling molecules to mediate and regulate immunity?

5. Recall Late Blight of Potato with respect to its casual organism, disease cycle, symptoms and control measures.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

| Department | Teaching Plan : Botany |
|---------------------|--|
| Class | : I M.Sc Botany |
| Title of the Course | : Elective I ETHNOBOTANY, NATUROPATHY AND TRADITIONAL HEALTH CARE |
| I Semester | : I |
| CourseCode | : BP23GE12 |

| | т | т | р | | | Total | otal Marks | | | |
|------------|---|---|---|---------|------------|-------|------------|----------|-------|--|
| CourseCode | L | 1 | r | Credits | Inst.Hours | Hours | CIA | External | Total | |
| BP23GE1 | 4 | 1 | - | 3 | 5 | 75 | 25 | 75 | 100 | |

Objectives

1. Understand the concept of ethnobotany and the life style and traditional practices of plants by Indian tribals.

2. Emphasize the importance of non-timber forest products for Indian tribal people livelihoods.

| СО | Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to: | PSO Addressed | Cognitive level |
|-------|---|---------------|-----------------|
| CO- 1 | Recall or remember concept of ethnobotany. | PSO-1 | K1 |
| CO- 2 | Understand the life style and traditional practices of plants by Indian tribals. | PSO-2 | K2 & K6 |
| CO- 3 | Highlight the role of Non- Timber Forest products for livelihood of tribal people of India | PSO-3 | К3 |
| CO- 4 | Assess the methods to transform ethnobotanical knowledge into value added products. | PSO-3 | K4 |
| CO- 5 | Build idea to make digitization of ethnobotanical knowledge. | PSO-3 | K5 |

Total Contact Hours : 75 (Including Lectures, Assignments and Tests)

| Unit I | Module | Торіс | Teaching Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|-----------|--------|---|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| 1 | 1. | Concept, important landmarks in the development, scope, sub disciplines of ethno botany.: | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, |
| | 2. | Interdisciplinary approaches. Knowledge of following sociological and anthropological terms | 4 | K1(R) | Lecture using videos | Simple definitions, MCQ, |
| | 3. | culture, values and norms, institutions, culture diffusion and ethnocentrism. | 4 | K3(Ap) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | short test |
| | 4. | History of ethnobotany: A brief history of ethno botanical studies in the world and in India. | 3 | K4(An) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Differentiate betweenvarious ideas, Map knowledge |

| II | | | | | | |
|-----|----|---|---|---------|--|--|
| | 1. | Distribution of tribes in India. | 3 | K2(U) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring | Simple definitions, |
| | 2. | . Basic knowledge of following tribes of Tamil Nadu: Irulas, Kanis, | 4 | K 3(Ap) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Mind mapping, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False |
| | 3. | PaliyarsBadagas, Kurumbres, | 4 | K1(K) | PPT | Simple definitions, |
| | 4. | Thodas and Malayalis. Plants used by tribals of Tamil Nadu. | 4 | K4(An) | Introductory session, Group Discussion | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| III | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Primary - archeological sources and inventories, Secondary - travelogues, folklore and literary sources. | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Mind mapping, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Herbaria, medicinal texts and official records. Methods in ethnobotanical research | 3 | K 3(Ap) | PPT | Simple definitions, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Prior Informed Consent, PRA techniques, interviews and questionnaire methods, choice of resource persons | 3 | K1(K) | Introductory session, Group Discussion | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Folk taxonomy – plants associated with culture and socio- religious activities | 3 | K4(An) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping | Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge |
| | 5. | Non – timber forest products (NTFP) and livelihood – Sustainable harvest and value addition. | 3 | K5(E) | Demonstration, PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| IV | | · · · · · · | | | | |
| | 1. | Role of plants in naturopathy- Importance and relevance of medicinal drugs in India. | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Mind mapping, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |

| I | 2 | Indian Sentance of | 2 | $V_2(\Lambda =)$ | דתת | Cimen 1 |
|---|----|------------------------------|---|------------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| | 2. | Indian Systems of | 3 | K 3(Ap) | PPT | Simple |
| | | Medicine (Ayurveda, | | | | definitions, |
| | | Siddha, Allopathy, | | | | Concept |
| | | Homeopathy, Unani, | | | | definitions |
| | | Tibetan, Yoga and | | | | |
| | 2 | Naturopathy) | 2 | | T (1) | 0 |
| | 3. | Disease diagnosis, | 3 | K1(K) | Introductory | Suggest |
| | | treatment, and cure using | | | session, Group | idea/concept |
| | | natural therapies including | | | Discussion | with examples, |
| | | dietetics, botanical | | | | |
| | | medicine, homeopathy, | | | | |
| | | fasting, exercise, lifestyle | | | | |
| | | counseling, detoxification, | | | | |
| | | and chelation | | | | |
| | 4. | clinical nutrition, | 2 | K2(U) | Lecture using | Evaluation |
| | | hydrotherapy, naturopathic | | | Chalk and talk | through short |
| | | manipulation, spiritual | | | Mind mapping, | test, MCQ, |
| | | healing, environmental | | | | True/False, |
| | | assessment, | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | 5. | Health practices, | 2 | K 3(Ap) | PPT | Simple |
| | | approaches, knowledge | | | | definitions, |
| | | and beliefs incorporating | | | | Concept |
| | | plant, animal and mineral | | | | definitions |
| | | based medicines, spiritual | | | | |
| | | therapies. | | | | |
| | 6. | manual techniques and | 2 | K1(K) | Introductory | Suggest |
| | | exercises, applied | | | session, Group | idea/concept |
| | | singularly or in | | | Discussion | with examples, |
| | | combination to treat, | | | | |
| | | diagnose and prevent | | | | |
| V | | illnesses or maintain | | | | |
| v | | | | _ | | |
| | 1. | Bioprospecting of drug | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using | Evaluation |
| | | molecules derived from | | | Chalk and talk | through short |
| | | Indian traditional plants. | | | Mind mapping, | test, MCQ, |
| | | | | | | True/False, |
| | 2. | Methods for | 4 | K 3(Ap) | PPT | Simple |
| | | bioprospecting of | | | | definitions, |
| | | natural resources | | | | Concept |
| | 2 | Enome folls Terror 4 | Λ | $\mathbf{V}_{1}(\mathbf{V})$ | Inter des et e me | definitions |
| | 3. | From folk Taxonomy to | 4 | K1(K) | Introductory | Suggest |
| | | species confirmation - | | | session, Group | idea/concept |
| | | evidences based on | | | Discussion | with examples, |
| | | phylogenetic and | | | | |
| | 4 | metabolomic analyses | 4 | TZACA | | D:00 |
| | 4. | Ethno botanical | 4 | K4(An) | Group Discussion, | Differentiate |
| | | databases and | | | Mind mapping | between |
| | | Traditional knowledge | | | | various |
| | | Digital Library (TKDL). | | | | ideas, Map |
| | | | | | | knowledge |

Course Focussing on Employability/Entrepreneurship/Skill Development:(Mention) Activities (Em/ En/SD): Entrepreneurship

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues(ProfessionalEthics/HumanValues/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): **Environment Sustainability**

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: Collection of Medicinal herbs from Tribal Areas

Assignment: Herbaria, medicinal texts and official records. Methods in ethnobotanical research

Seminar Topic: Bioprospecting of drug molecules derived from Indian traditional plants

Sample questions

Part A

- 1. The word "ethno" in ethnobotany refers to ?
- a. region- locality- people b. culture c. civilization d. all of above
- 2. The concept and idea of greeks that walnut could be used to heal ailments of the human brain is known as?
- a. doctrine of signatures b. doctrine of homeopathy c. doctrine of Allelopathy d. None of these
- 3. The cereals belong to the family?
- a. Fabaceae b. Poaceae c. Solanaceae d. Rosaceae
- 4. The search for previously unknown compounds in organisms that have been never used in traditional medicines is
- a. Molecular farming b. Bioremediation c. Biopiracy d. Bioprospecting
- 5. The Siddha science is a traditional treatment system generated from ______culture.
- a. Indian b. Tamil c. Kerala d. Maharastra

Part B

1.Write the botanical name, family, important plant part and traditional uses of 'Ashwagandha'.

2. Differentiate between Ethnobotany and Economic botany.

- 3. Explain the ethnomedicinal uses of *Janakia arayalpatra*.
- 4. Differentiate Ayurvedic pharmacopoeia from pharmacology.
- 5. Explain the importance of phyto-pharmacological screening in herbal drug development.

Part C

- 1. Analyze the history of ethnobotany.
- 2. Discuss about the tribes of Tamilnadu.
- 3. Evaluate the importance of folk taxonomy.
- 4. List out the traditional healthcare practices.
- 5. Summarize hydrotherapy.
- 6. Criticize bioprospecting techniques and its importance.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

Dr. S. Kala Veda Kumari

| Department | : | Botany |
|---------------------|---|-------------------------|
| Class | : | II M.Sc., Botany |
| Title of the Course | : | Taxonomy of Angiosperms |
| Semester | : | III |
| Course Code | : | PB2031 |

| Comme Code | т | т | р | C 114- | T | Total | | Marks | |
|------------|---|---|---|---------|-------------|-------|-----|----------|-------|
| CourseCode | L | I | r | Creatts | Inst. Hours | Hours | CIA | External | Total |
| PB2031 | 4 | 2 | - | 5 | 6 | 60 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

- 1. To be familiar in identifying the botanical name of plants.
- 2. To enable the students to get knowledge of modern trends in taxonomy of Angiosperms.

| СО | Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to: | PSOAddressed | Cogniti ve level |
|-------|---|--------------|---------------------|
| CO- 1 | differentiate between natural and artificial system of classification | PSO-1 | U |
| CO- 2 | apply sketches to identify the flora | PSO-2 | Ар |
| CO- 3 | collect and prepare herbaria for future use | PSO-3 | С |
| CO- 4 | record the rules and regulations framed by ICBN | PSO-3 | R |
| CO- 5 | interpreting biological knowledge in comparing and ranking plants | PSO-3 | An |
| CO -6 | evaluation of plants by using dichotomous keys | PSO -3 | Е |

Total Contact Hours:60 (Including Lectures, Assignments and Tests)

| Unit | Module | Торіс | Teaching Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|------|-------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|
| I | p | Aim and scope of plant taxonomy – Faxonomic Tools | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalkandtalk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations, Shortsummary or overview |
| | l: f n n | Faxonomic iteratures – loras, revisions, nanuals, nonographs and bheck lists | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps,Concept definitions |
| | p ii | dentification and preparation of ntended keys and pracketed keys | 3 | K3(Ap) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping, | Suggest idea/concept with examples, Suggestformula e,Solveproblem s, Explain |
| | a b | Herbarium echniques – Types and functions of erbarium; Digital Herbarium | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Problem- solving questions,Finish a procedure in many steps, Differentiate betweenvarious ideas,Map knowledge |
| | a c I a | Systems of Ingiosperm Iassification; Linnaeus, Bentham Ind Hooker and Engler and Prantle | 3 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay,Critique or justify with pros and cons |
| | | APG Classification.Merits | 3 | K6(C) | PPT | Check knowledgein |

| | | and demerits of these classifications. | | | | |
|-----|----|--|---|---------|---------------------------------------|--|
| II | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Botanical nomenclature4 – ICN, Principles and Role of ICN, Rules – principle of priority | | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays |
| | 2. | Rejection of names, limitations in the principle of priority, typification, author citation, effective and valid publications | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Taxonomical Evidences - Numerical taxonomy, chemotaxonomy | 3 | K3 (Ap) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping, | Simple definitions |
| | 4. | Cytotaxonomy and phytotaxonomy | 4 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate between various ideas |
| | 5. | Molecular tools used in Taxonomy. | 3 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| III | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Capparidaceae | 4 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays |
| | 2. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Polygalaceae | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Caryophyllaceae | 3 | K3 (Ap) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping, | Simple definitions |

| | 4. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Tiliaceae | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate between various ideas |
|----|----|--|---|---------|---------------------------------------|--|
| | 5. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Zygophyllaceae. | 4 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| IV | | | | | | |
| | 1. | Systematicposition,diagnosticfeatures,distribution,descriptionandeconomicimportanceofRhamnaceae,Sapindaceae | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays |
| | 2. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Passifloraceae | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Sapotaceae | 3 | K3 (Ap) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping, | Simple definitions |
| | 4. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Oleaceae, Boraginaceae | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate between two families |
| | 5. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Scrophulariaceae | 3 | K5(E) | РРТ | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |

| | 6. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Bignoniaceae. | 3 | (K5) | PPT | Essay Writing |
|---|----|--|---|---------|---------------------------------------|--|
| V | | | I | | | |
| | 1. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Verbenaceae, | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, Short essays |
| | 2. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Nyctaginaceae | 3 | K1(R) | Introductory session, | Simple definitions, MCQ, Recall steps, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Aristalochiaceae, Casuarinaceae | 3 | K3 (Ap) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping, | Simple definitions |
| | 4. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Orchidaceae, Commelinaceae | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate between various ideas |
| | 5. | Systematic position, diagnostic features, distribution, description and economic importance of Araceae, Cyperaceae | 3 | K5(E) | PPT | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |

Course Focussing on Employability/Entrepreneurship/Skill Development:Activities (Em/ En/SD): Skill Development

CourseFocussingonCrossCuttingIssues(ProfessionalEthics/HumanValues/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): Environment Sustainability

ActivitiesrelatedtoCrossCuttingIssues: Herbarium Collection – Field Visit

Assignment: Identification and preparation of intended keys and bracketed keys

Seminar Topic: Molecular tools used in Taxonomy.

SAMPLE QUESTION

PartA

1. _____is the system which is responsible for giving name to an organism.

2. This system of classification was used by Linnaeus

- a. Phylogenetic system b.Natural system
- c. Artificial system d. Asexual system
- 3. The substitute for the newly collected specimen when the original type material is missing in a herbarium is entitled as
 - a. Holotype b.Neotype
 - c. Lectotype d. Isotype
- 4. Expand ICN
- 5. Fruit in family Polygalaceae is _____.

PartB

- 1. List out the merits and demerits of APG System of classification.
- 2. Interpret the short notes on botanical nomenclature.
- 3. Use and the economic importance of Capparidaceae.
- 4. Evaluate the salient features of Sapindaceae
- 5. How pollination occurs in Orchidaceae?

PartC

- 1. Enumerate the Bentham & Hooker System of Classification and mentions its merits and demerits.
- 2. Explain the rules of ICN with relation to Taxonomy.
- 3. Evaluate the floral characters of Caryophyllaceae and mention its economic usages.
- 4. Illustrate the systematic position, description and economic importance of Boraginaceae.
- 5. Describe the characteristic features and economic importance of Verbenaceae.

Head of theDepartment

CourseInstructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

Dr. W. Vincy

| | | Teaching Plan |
|---------------------|---|----------------------------------|
| Department | : | Botany |
| Class | : | II M.Sc Botany |
| Title of the Course | : | Core Genetics& Molecular Biology |
| I Semester | : | Ι |
| CourseCode | : | |

| Commerciale | ТТ | | D | C 14- | T4 TT | Total | Marks | | |
|-------------|----|---|---|---------|------------|-------|-------|----------|-------|
| CourseCode | L | I | r | Creatts | Inst.Hours | Hours | CIA | External | Total |
| | 4 | 2 | - | 5 | 6 | 75 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

- To understand the organization and regulation of genes.
 To acquire advanced training with opportunities to get employability in genetics and molecular biology laboratories

| СО | Upon completion of this course, the students will be able to: | PSO Addressed | Cognitive level |
|-------|---|---------------|-----------------|
| | understandthe organization of cell organellesandgenes | PSO-1 | K1 (K) |
| CO- 2 | Differentiate between mitochondrial DNAandchloroplastDNA | PSO-2 | K2 (U) |
| CO- 3 | evaluatethe dissociation and re - associationkineticsofDNA | PSO-3 | K3 (AP) |
| CO- 4 | constructdifferenttypesofplasmidsand operons | PSO-3 | K4 (AN) |
| | Analyze Transcription and Translation of Prokaryotes and Eukaryotes | PSO-3 | K5 & K6(C & E) |

| Unit | Module | e Topic | Teaching Hours | Cognitive level | Pedagogy | Assessment/ Evaluation |
|------|----------|---|-------------------|--------------------|--|--|
| Ι | Genetics | 5 | | | | |
| | 1. | Contribution of Gregor Johann Mendel, T.H. Morgan, Karl Landsteiner; Mendel's law of heredity – Monohybrid and Dihybrid cross | 2 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk Mind mapping, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Gene interaction – Dominant epistasis (12: 3:1), Recessive epistasis (9:3:4), Duplicate recessive genes (9:7), Duplicate dominant genes (15:1) | 2 | К 3(Ар) | PPT | Simple definitions, Concept definitions |
| | 3. | Sex determination in plants - theories of sex determination; Sex linked characters (Seminar) | 2 | K1(K) | Introductory session, Group Discussion | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | Linkageandcrossing over, construction ofchromosomemap, and threepointcross | 3 | K4(An) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping | Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge |

Total Contact Hours : 90 (Including Lectures, Assignments and Tests)

| II | |] | DNA AND (| GENETIC DISE | ASES | |
|-----|----|---|-----------|--------------|--|--|
| | 1. | Mutation – Types of mutation, Molecular mechanism of mutation DNA- types (A, B, C & Z), Watson and Crick model of DNA, viral DNA, bacterial DNA | 3 | K2(U) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductoryses sion, | Concept explanations, Short summary or overview |
| | 2. | Mitochondrial (Seminar) and Chloroplast DNA | 3 | K 3(Ap) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 3. | Dissociation and re- association kinetics of DNA; cot value and itssignificance | 3 | K1(K) | Lecture using videos,Demonst ration, | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
| | 4. | DNA replication of prokaryotes and eukaryotes | 3 | K4(An) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| | 5. | Genetic diseases – Sickle cell anemia, Cystic fibrosis, Duchennes muscular dystrophy | 3 | K5(E) | Lecture using Chalk and talk PPT, | Map knowledge |
| III | | | GENETIC | ENGINEERING | Y T | |
| | 1. | Damage and DNA repair mechanism – photo reactivation – excision repair - mismatch repair | 3 | K 3(Ap) | Peer tutoring, Lecture using videos, Demonstration, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Genetic recombination - generalised and site specific; Lysogenic and lytic cycle; | 3 | K1(K) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductoryses sion, | Online Quiz, Short Test |

| | 3. | Bacterial Transformation, Transduction and Conjugation | 3 | K4(An) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Suggest idea/concept with examples, |
|----|----|--|---------|------------|--|--|
| | 4. | Super vectors - BAC,YAC | 2 | K5(E) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductoryses sion, | Differentiate between various ideas, Map knowledge |
| IV | | | TOOLS I | N GENETICS | | |
| | 1. | RNA – types; Transcription - Initiation, elongation, termination, post transcriptional events | 3 | K4(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Demonstration, | Concept explanations, Short summary or overview |
| | 2. | Genetic code, Wobble hypothesis; Translation – steps in translation | 3 | K5(E) | Demonstration, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 3. | Molecular tools for studying genes – northernblotting,sou thernblotting,, (Seminar) | 3 | K2(U) | PPT, Review | Demonstration Group Discussion |
| | 4. | Westernblotting FISH | 2 | K 3(Ap) | Lecture using Chalk and talk ,Introductoryses sion, | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| V | | | GEI | NOMICS | 1 | |
| | 1. | Fine structure of the gene; Transposons – Tn3, Tn5 | 2 | K2(U) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, PPT, Review | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |
| | 2. | Gene regulations in Prokaryotes -Operon concept – lac operon, trp operon, | 2 | K 3(Ap) | Lecture using videos,Demonst ration, | Evaluation through short test, MCQ, True/False, |

| 3. | GeneregulationinEuk aryotes Steps in gene cloning; Pros and Cons in gene cloning | 3 | K1(K) | Mind mapping, Peer tutoring, | Quiz, Group discussions |
|----|--|---|--------|---------------------------------|---|
| 4. | Construction of genomic library; Construction of cDNAlibrary | 3 | K4(An) | PPT, Review | Differentiate between various ideas, |
| 5. | Gene silencing; Human Genome Project (Seminar) | 3 | K4(An) | PPT, Review | Map knowledge |

Course Focussing on Employability/Entrepreneurship/Skill Development: Activities (Em/ En/SD): Skill Development

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (ProfessionalEthics/HumanValues/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): Environment Sustainability

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: Chart Preparation

Assignment: Genetic code, Wobblehypothesis

Seminar Topic: Mendel's law of heredity – Monohybrid andDihybrid cross

Sample questions

Part A

1. Which of the following process is an exception of Mendel Law?

a. Mutation b. Variation c. Cloning d. Linkage

- 2. Pyrimidine dimers resulting from UV light damage to DNA are removed from sequences via the action of ------ enzymes.
- 3. a. Endonucleases b. Polymerases c. Ligases d. Helicases.
- 4. Transformants are selected from non-transformants by the presence of a selectable marker State True or False.
- 5. Which single nucleotide makes up the 5' cap?
 - a. Guanine b.Adenine c.Cytosine d. Thyamine

Part B

- 1. List out the contribution of Gregor Johann Mendel towards the science of Genetics.
- 2. Difference between A, B, C and Z forms of DNA.
- 3. Cosmids as cloning vectors Justify.
- 4. Comment on tRNA with a neat diagram.
- 5. What are the ethical pros and cons of gene cloning.

Part C

1. Summarize the interaction of genes with respective examples.

2. Categorize the different steps involved in the DNA replication of Prokaryotes&

Eukaryotes with neat sketch.

3. Construct a BAC vector and relate its role as a cloning vector.

4. Analyze, how the information in a strand of DNA is copied into a new molecule of messenger RNA?

5. Design a protocol to generate genomic library.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

Dr. S. Kala Veda Kumari

| Department | : Botany |
|---------------------|----------------------------------|
| Class | : II M.Sc Botany |
| Title of the Course | :Major Elective III b – Forestry |

Semester : III

Course Code: PB2034

| Course Code | L | Т | Р | S | Credits | Inst. Hours | Total Hours | CIA | Marks External | Total |
|-------------|---|---|---|---|---------|-------------|----------------|-----|-------------------|-------|
| PB2034 | 4 | 2 | - | - | 4 | 6 | 90 | 25 | 75 | 100 |

Objectives

- Toenablethestudentstohavebroadknowledgeaboutforest,itsmanagementandfo restproducts.
- Topreparethestudentstoinvolveintreeplantingsandtoprovideandimprovewildl ife habitat.

CourseOutcomes

| СО | Uponcompletion of this course the | PSO | Cognitiv |
|--------|--|-----------|----------|
| | studentswill beableto: | Addressed | e level |
| CO - 1 | Categorize the types of forests in Tamilnadu | PSO-3 | K4(An) |
| CO - 2 | Identify the reasons for degradation of forest | PSO-2 | K1(R) |
| CO - 3 | Summarize them ethodsinmanagingand conservingtheforest | PSO–5 | K3(Ap) |
| CO - 4 | understandtheobjectives,advantagesanddisadva ntagesof agroforestry | PSO-3 | K2(U) |
| CO - 5 | determinetheroleofbotanicalgardens, zoos,nationalparks,andsanctuaries | PSO-6 | K2(U) |
| CO - 6 | evaluatetheutilizationofforest | PSO-3 | K5(E) |

Teaching plan

Total Contact hours:90 (Including lectures, assignments and tests)

| Uni | Module | Торіс | Teachin | Cognitiv | Pedagogy | Assessment/ |
|-----|--------|-------|---------|----------|----------|-------------|
| t | | | g | e level | | Evaluation |
| | | | Hours | | | |

| Ι | | | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---|--------|--------------------------------------|--|
| | 1 | Forest – definition, role of forest; forest as a balanced ecosystem; | 6 | K1(R) | Introductory session | Short test, Quiz, Group discussion |
| | 2 | Types and distribution of(ChampionandSeth' sclassification). | 6 | K2(K) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Assignment, Quiz. |
| | 3 | ForesttypesinTamilnad u– evergreenforest,decidu ousandscrub jungle | 6 | K2(K) | Group Discussion, Mind mapping | MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations , |
| Π | 1 | Forestmanagementan dconservation;regene ration;tendingoperati ons | 5 | K3(Ap) | Group Discussion | Explain, Finish a procedure in many steps, |
| | 2 | Sustainableutilizationo fforestresources– forestorganizations | 5 | K3(Ap) | Lecture using videos, | Short summary or overview |
| | 3 | Forestmensurationan dremotesensing– methodsofmeasuring diameter, girth, height, and volume of trees, | 5 | K4(An) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Simple definitions, MCQ, Class test |
| | 4 | Geographic information systems formanagement(GIS). | 3 | K4(An) | PPT Videos | Longer essay/, Evaluation essay |
| III | 1 | Forestutilization– harvesting,conservatio n,storageanddisposalo fwoodinforest | 6 | K2(K) | Lecture using Chalk and talk | Quiz, MCQ, slip test |

| | 2 | Majorand minor forest products | 6 | K3(Ap) | Lecture using videos | Assignment, Short essays, MCQ, Quiz |
|----|---|---|---|--------|--|---|
| | 3 | Forest based industries – paper and pulp industry, resin tapping andturpentinemanufac ture. | 6 | K4(Ev) | Lecture using videos | Evaluation through short test, Seminar |
| | | Forest education in India | | K3(Ap) | Review | Longer essay/ Evaluation essay |
| IV | 1 | Forest degradation – damage caused by fire, climatic factors and injuries by insects, plants,animals, and diseases | 6 | K2(K) | Introductory session, Lecture using Chalk and talk, | MCQ, True/False, Short essays, Concept explanations |
| | 2 | Activities of man including encroachment and shifting cultivation | 6 | K3(Ap) | Lecture using Chalk and talk, Group discussion | MCAQ, True or false, Slip test, Assignment |
| | 3 | Measuresto protect theforest damagecaused byvarious factors | 6 | K4(Ev) | Lecture using videos | Differentiate between various ideas |
| V | 1 | Agroforestry – objectives, advantages and disadvantages, | 6 | K1(U) | Introductory session, Lecture using videos | Simple definitions, MCQ |
| | 2 | energy plantations; recreationalforestry | 5 | K3(Ap) | Demonstration , PPT | Explain, Short essay, Explanatory |

| | | | | | essay, Seminar |
|---|---|---|--------|------------|---|
| 4 | Roleofbotanicalgarden s,zoos,nationalparksan dsanctuariesin recreation/conservatio nof wild life. Social forestry. | 7 | K3(Ap) | PPT Videos | Explanatory essay, Slip test, Group discussion, seminar |

Course Focussing on Employability/ Entrepreneurship/ Skill Development : Employability

Activities (Em/ En/SD) : Nature Walk

Course Focussing on Cross Cutting Issues (Professional Ethics/ Human Values/Environment Sustainability/ Gender Equity): Environment Sustainability

Activities related to Cross Cutting Issues: Nature Walk

Assignment: Shifting cultivation - Online

Seminar Topic: Social forestry.

Sample questions

Part A

- 1. Forest cover is maximum in_____.
 - (a). Rajasthan and Gujarat. (b). Gujarat and Maharashtra
 - (c). Chhattisgarh and Madhya Pradesh. (d). Kerala and Goa.
- 2. Define Ecosystem
- 3. Abbreviate GIS
- 4. Shifting cultivation is also known as_____.
- 5. Agroforestry is a type of ______.
 - (a). Mixed cropping (b). Multiple cropping.
 - (c). Double cropping (d). Mono cropping.

Part B

- 1. What is the importance of forest?
- 2. List out the tending operations.
- 3. Mention the various raw materials used for preparation of pulp?
- 4. What are some advantages and disadvantages of shifting cultivation?

5. What is the purpose of botanical gardens

Part C

- 1. Summarize forest types of Tamilnadu
- 2. Explain Geographic information systems for management(GIS).
- 3. Describe the manufacturing process of paper?
- 4. Explain the measures to protect forest from damage.
- 5. Recreational forestry- explain.

Head of the Department

Course Instructor

Dr. A. Anami Augustus Arul

Dr. J. Celin Pappa Rani